Kingsway Reports a Net Loss in First Quarter

President's Message to Shareholders

On behalf of the Board of Directors, I would like to report Kingsway's financial results for the first quarter ended March 31, 2009. The Company reported a net loss of $58.3 million or $1.06 per share diluted, compared with a net loss of $34.4 million or $0.62 per share diluted in the first quarter of 2008. The loss primarily reflects transition costs related to the Company's transformation program, in addition to a significant drop in trucking premiums on both sides of the border and a reduced return on investments. All amounts are in U.S. dollars unless indicated otherwise.

Our Q1 results clearly indicate we need to move faster to exit unprofitable lines of business, reduce organization complexity and cost. We intend to do this in a way that creates a solid base for rebuilding the company and restoring shareholder value, returning to our roots and focusing on our core competencies of non-standard auto and commercial automobile. Yesterday we announced our intent to exit the Canadian cross-border trucking business effective July 1 and made further staff reductions. Including yesterday's announcement we have already taken action that has reduced our run-rate headcount by 445 since the beginning of this year. We also submitted our plans to put all but the strongest of Lincoln's programs into run-off to the Pennsylvania Insurance Department. Based on success to date in the transformation work announced in February, we are confident that we can increase the overall target for savings delivered through this initiative to a run-rate of $120 million by the end of 2010 from the previously announced $80 million. While losses incurred at Lincoln have taken their toll, Kingsway's capital ratios exceed regulatory minimums for all subsidiaries except Lincoln. We are taking action to strengthen them further and improve liquidity.

Lincoln General submitted its proposed regulatory action plan on May 7, 2009 which is subject to approval of the Pennsylvania Insurance Department.

Our transformation program constitutes our 2009-2010 strategic plan, and we expect to see positive results within this period. In the first quarter, among many initiatives, we simplified our structure into three operating units to reduce duplication, enable operational efficiency and take out cost, and accelerated our implementation of better underwriting and pricing discipline to ensure we're writing profitable business. We have reassigned responsibilities inline with the new structure, and have an experienced team that recognizes the urgent need to accelerate change and are committed to achieving results.

Gross premiums written decreased 40% to $259.0 million in the quarter compared to $431.0 million in the same quarter a year ago. In the U.S., premiums written were down 42%, with most of the decline attributable to Lincoln General due to the majority of its business being placed into run-off in early 2009. Non-standard automobile premiums in the U.S. declined 26% predominantly as a result of the planned premium reduction at Southern United. Excluding Lincoln General, except for the exclusively managed business, gross premiums written were down 26% from a year ago. In Canada, gross premiums written were down 33% in U.S. dollars, however were down only 17% in Canadian dollars. The decline was mainly attributable to the trucking line of business, which fell 47% due to planned premium reductions in this line of business where profits have been eroded due to aggressive pricing. For the quarter, U.S. operations accounted for 76% of gross premiums, down from 78% a year ago.

The combined ratio for continuing operations was 120.7%, compared with 132.6% in the fourth quarter of 2008 and 116.0% a year ago. The significant reduction in premiums without a commensurate reduction in infrastructure costs while certain business remains in run off, plus severance payments related to strategic reductions in personnel resulted in an increase in the expense ratio to 34.0%, from 31.6% in the first quarter of 2008. The loss ratio increased to 86.7% from 84.4% a year ago. Excluding Lincoln General, except for the exclusively managed business, U.S. operations had a combined ratio of 105.0% while Canadian operations had a combined ratio of 119.3%.

Investment income decreased 25% to $27.0 million from $36.2 million in the same quarter of 2008 primarily due to lower yields, the reduction in the size of the portfolio as a result of the repayment of the Company's bank debt and sale of York Fire later in 2008, and the impact of reduced premium volume. There was a net realized loss on investments of $19.6 million, resulting mainly from an additional realized loss of $18.2 million from the liquidation for strategic reasons of the common share equity portfolio, as announced in February 2009 and largely written down in fiscal 2008.

At March 31, 2009, the book value per share was $6.73 compared with $16.18 at March 31, 2008.

Dividend

The Board of Directors has declared a quarterly dividend of C$0.02 per common share, payable on June 30, 2009 to shareholders of record on June 15, 2009.

Capital Initiative

The Board of Directors has delegated to the Capital Committee of the Board the authority to repurchase debt of the Company up to a maximum of $40 million subject to an assessment of liquidity levels, market conditions and any costs related to the unwinding of hedges and other related financial instruments.

The Board of Directors also wishes to extend its best wishes and thanks to Jack Sullivan, who retired from the Board on May 7, 2009. Jack has served on the Board since June of 2005 and has served in many important capacities in the development of the Company, for which the Board and management are grateful.

Conference Call and Webcast

An archived copy of the audio webcast is accessible through our website at http://www.kingsway-financial.com.

Sincerely,

Colin Simpson
President & Chief Executive Officer
May 08, 2009

Financial Summary and Highlights:

	3 months to March 31:		
(in millions of dollars except per share amounts)	2009	2008	Change
Gross premiums written	$ 259.0	$ 431.0	(40%)
Underwriting loss	(58.8)	(66.1)	(11%)
Investment income	27.0	36.2	(25%)
Net realized loss	(19.6)	(5.7)	244%
Operating loss	(38.8)	(30.2)	28%
Net loss	(58.3)	(34.4)	69%
Diluted loss per share	(1.06)	(0.62)	71%
Book value per share	6.73	16.18	(58%)
Combined ratio	120.7%	116.0%	4.7%

- Gross premiums written decreased 40% to $259.0 million in the quarter compared to $431.0 million in Q1 last year, primarily as a result of the planned premium reductions in non-core lines of business and the run-off at Lincoln General. Excluding Lincoln General, except for exclusively managed business, proforma gross premiums written declined 26% to $230.6 million in the quarter. Excluding Lincoln General, except for the exclusively managed business, non-standard automobile premiums were $118.7 million or 51% of the proforma gross premiums written.

- The combined ratio was 120.7% in the quarter compared to 116.0% in the same quarter last year, with continuing Canadian operations reporting a combined ratio of 119.3% and U.S. operations a combined ratio of 121.3%. Excluding Lincoln General, the U.S. operations pro-forma combined ratio was 105.0% for the quarter and the consolidated combined ratio was 109.9% for the quarter.

- Estimated net unfavourable reserve development was $30.0 million in the quarter of which Lincoln General accounted for $21.5 million. Lincoln General reported $5.5 million of unfavourable reserve development on its' unallocated loss adjustment expenses or the internal expenses estimated to run-off the claims of the company. Trucking developed adversely at Lincoln General which contributed $6.2 million of unfavourable reserve development and other large claims developed adversely at Lincoln General, particularly on its higher limits programs, that also accounted for $3.4 million of the unfavourable reserve development. The reserve development increased the combined ratio by 10.6% for the quarter and impacted earnings per share by $0.43 per share for the quarter.

- Investment income, excluding net realized losses was $27.0 million compared to $36.2 million for the same quarter of 2008, a 25% decrease. Included in net realized losses were adjustments to the carrying values of securities for declines in market value considered other than temporary of $1.7 million or $0.03 per share for the quarter.

- The fair value of the securities portfolio per share decreased by 7% since the beginning of the year to $43.02 (C$54.26).

- As at March 31, 2009 the securities portfolio did not include any collateralized debt obligations nor any direct exposure to any asset backed commercial paper. The securities portfolio has an exposure of approximately $1.7 million to the sub-prime mortgage market in the U.S. through home equity loan asset backed securities.

- As at March 31, 2009 the Canadian dollar book value per share was $8.49 compared to $10.03 as at December 31, 2008 and $16.61 as at March 31, 2008.

The following management's discussion and analysis (MD&A) should be read in conjunction with the Company's unaudited interim consolidated financial statements for the first quarter of fiscal 2009 and 2008; with the MD&A set out on pages 9 to 54 in the Company's 2008 Annual Report, including the section on risk factors; and with the notes to the interim consolidated financial statements for the first quarter of fiscal 2009 and the notes to the audited consolidated financial statements for fiscal 2008 set out on pages 65 to 104 of the Company's 2008 Annual Report.

The Company's financial results are reported in U.S. dollars. Unless otherwise indicated, all amounts are in U.S. dollars and have been derived from financial statements prepared in accordance with Canadian generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP).

Non-GAAP Financial Measures

The Company uses both GAAP and certain non-GAAP financial measures to assess performance. Securities regulators require that companies caution readers about non-GAAP financial measures that do not have a standardized meaning under GAAP and are unlikely to be comparable to similar measures used by other companies. Kingsway, like many insurance companies, analyzes performance based on underwriting ratios such as combined, expense and loss ratios. These terms are defined in the glossary of terms section beginning on page 106 of the 2008 Annual Report. Although there is not a property and casualty industry defined standard that is consistently applied in calculating these ratios, Kingsway has historically included costs such as corporate office expenses and excluded premium finance revenues whereas other public companies have done otherwise in the calculation of their expense and combined ratios. Readers are therefore cautioned when comparing Kingsway's combined ratios to those of other public companies as they may not have been calculated on a comparable basis.

The Company also uses securities portfolio per share information which is calculated based on the fair value of the securities portfolio divided by the number of issued and outstanding common shares. The Company uses operating earnings which are calculated as net income excluding after-tax net realized gains and losses on securities to assess the profitability of its operations. A reconciliation of net income to operating earnings is presented in the section titled 'Operating Earnings'.

Date of MD&A

Unless otherwise noted, the information contained in this MD&A is based on information available to management as of May 8, 2009.

Premiums

(in millions of dollars)	3 Months to March 31:		
	2009	2008	Change
Gross premiums written			
Canada	$ 62.4	$ 93.6	(33%)
U.S.	196.6	337.4	(42%)
Total	$ 259.0	$ 431.0	(40%)
Net premiums written			
Canada	$ 58.4	$ 88.4	(34%)
U.S.	190.1	309.6	(39%)
Total	$ 248.5	$ 398.0	(38%)
Net premiums earned			
Canada	$ 79.0	$ 101.6	(22%)
U.S.	204.5	311.1	(34%)
Total	$ 283.5	$ 412.7	(31%)

The U.S. operations reported a decrease in premiums written of $140.8 million (or 42%) during the quarter. Lincoln General's premium volume declined by $103.6 million in the quarter compared to the same quarter of last year due to the majority of the business being placed into run-off in early 2009 and a one-time cession of $4.1 million in premiums relating to the novation of one of Lincoln's programs. Non-standard automobile premiums decreased 26% to $134.5 million for the quarter. Excluding Lincoln General, except for the exclusively managed business, gross written premiums declined 26% in the first quarter to $230.6 million compared to the same quarter of last year.

Gross premiums written for the Canadian operations decreased 33% in the quarter compared to the same quarter last year. In Canadian dollars, gross premiums written from Canadian operations declined by 17% for the quarter compared to the same quarter last year. Canadian operations experienced a decline of 47% in gross premiums written in the trucking line of business due to planned premium reductions in this line of business where profits have been eroded due to aggressive pricing.

U.S. operations represented 76% of gross premiums written in the quarter compared with 78% in the same quarter of last year. Non-standard automobile, trucking, and commercial automobile premiums represented 52%, 9% and 16%, respectively, of gross premiums written at the end of the quarter compared with 42%, 17% and 19% for Q1 2008.

Investment Income

	3 months to March 31:		
(in millions of dollars)	2009	2008	Change
Investment income	$ 27.0	$ 36.2	(25%)

Investment income decreased 25% to $27.0 million in the quarter, compared to the first quarter of 2008, primarily due to a reduction in the size of the portfolio as a result of the repayment of the Company's bank debt, the sale of York Fire in late 2008 and the impact of reduced premium volume. Also contributing to the decrease in investment income in the quarter are lower yields on both the Canadian and U.S. portfolios and a weaker Canadian dollar compared to the same period last year which reduces the investment income earned by the Canadian operations when reported in U.S. dollars. The cost based yield on the fixed income portfolio decreased to 4.2% compared to 4.7% for the same quarter last year. The cost based yield represents the total interest income before expenses divided by the average amortized cost base of fixed income securities held in the portfolio during the period. The yield is calculated using a straight line average cost base which implies a change in the balance occurs evenly throughout the period. Because the proceeds of the common share equity portfolio began to be reinvested in fixed income securities in the later part of the quarter, the straight line calculation produces an inflated average amortized cost base and consequently a lower yield. This, in conjunction with lower yields actually experienced on the portfolio has resulted in the decrease in the cost based yield.

Net Realized Gains (Losses)

The table below presents a summary of the net realized gains (losses) for the current quarter with comparative figures:

	3 months to March 31:		
(in millions of dollars)	2009	2008	Change
Fixed income	$ 0.3	$ 2.6	(88%)
Equities	(18.2)	0.7	(2,700%)
Impairments	(1.7)	(9.0)	(81%)
Total	$ (19.6)	$ (5.7)	244%

For the three months ended March 31, 2009, sales from the securities portfolio and the write-down of securities that are considered to be other than temporarily impaired resulted in a net realized loss of $19.6 million compared to a net realized loss of $5.7 million for the three months ended March 31, 2008. Net realized gains on the sale of fixed income securities amounted to $0.3 million for the three months ended March 31, 2009 compared a net realized gain of $2.6 million for the same period last year. As was previously announced, the Company elected to dispose of virtually all of its common share equities during the quarter. In addition to the $91.9 million impairment charge on the common share equity portfolio taken in the fourth quarter of 2008, the liquidation resulted in a realized loss of $18.2 million in 2009. The write-down of securities considered to be temporarily impaired as at March 31, 2008 related to common share equity securities. The decision to liquidate the equity portfolio has significantly reduced the number and value of securities in an unrealized loss position and, consequently, the value of securities considered to be other than temporarily impaired as at March 31, 2009.

Underwriting Results

	3 months to March 31:		
(in millions of dollars)	2009	2008	Change
Underwriting profit (loss)			
Canada	$ (15.2)	$ (14.5)	5%
U.S.	(43.6)	(51.6)	(16%)
Total	$ (58.8)	$ (66.1)	(11%)
Combined ratio			
Canada	119.3%	114.3%	5.0%
U.S.	121.3%	116.6%	4.7%
Total	120.7%	116.0%	4.7%
Expense ratio			
Canada	38.2%	38.5%	(0.3%)
U.S.	32.4%	29.4%	3.0%
Total	34.0%	31.6%	2.4%
Loss ratio			
Canada	81.1%	75.8%	5.3%
U.S.	88.9%	87.2%	1.7%
Total	86.7%	84.4%	2.3%

The Canadian operations experienced estimated unfavourable reserve development of $10.1 million for the quarter (or 12.8% to the Canadian operations combined ratio) compared to unfavourable reserve development of $10.7 million for the first quarter last year. The Canadian operations reported a one time adjustment to write off recoveries for deductibles on certain policies of $4.9 million that was classified as unfavourable reserve development. The loss ratio in the quarter was 81.1% compared to 75.8% in Q1 2008.

The U.S. operations experienced estimated net unfavourable reserve development of $19.9 million for the quarter compared with $48.1 million in the same quarter last year. Lincoln General accounts for $21.5 million of this reserve development for the quarter or $0.33 per share after tax for the quarter. An adjustment to the unallocated loss adjustment expenses at Lincoln General accounted for $5.5 million of the unfavourable reserve development. The terminated artisan contractors liability program reported favourable development of $1.0 million in the quarter. Excluding Lincoln General, except for the exclusively managed business, the proforma combined ratio for the U.S. operations was 105.0% for the quarter. On a consolidated basis, the proforma combined ratio, excluding Lincoln General except for the exclusively managed business, was 109.9% for the quarter.

	3 months to March 31:	
(in millions of dollars)	2009	2008
Favourable (unfavourable) change in estimated unpaid claims for prior accident years (note 1):		
Canada	$ (10.1)	$ (10.7)
U.S.	(19.9)	(48.1)
Total	$ (30.0)	$ (58.8)
As a % of net premiums earned (note 2):		
Canada	12.8%	10.5%
U.S.	9.7%	15.5%
Total	10.6%	14.3%
As a % of unpaid claims (note 3):		
Canada	1.6%	1.4%
U.S.	1.6%	3.6%
Total	1.6%	3.3%

Note 1 - (Increase) decrease in estimates for unpaid claims from prior accident years reflected in current financial year results

Note 2 - Increase (decrease) in current financial year reported combined ratio

Note 3 - Increase (decrease) compared to estimated unpaid claims at the end of the preceding fiscal year

Expenses

The overall expenses increased in the quarter due to the severance costs associated with the Company's corporate restructuring plan totaled approximately $2.9 million. The general expense ratio increased to 19.2% compared to 14.4% in Q1 2008 primarily due to lower premium volume at Lincoln General, and the short term costs associated with implementing the Company's corporate restructuring plan. Excluding these items, the general expense ratio was 18.0%.

Interest Expense

Interest expense in the first quarter was $6.3 million, compared to $9.9 million for the first quarter of 2008 as a result of the repayment of all the short term bank debt in 2008.

Income Taxes

Income tax recovery on continuing operations for the first quarter was $6.1 million compared with a tax recovery of $13.7 million for the same quarter last year. A valuation allowance of $10.4 million was recorded in the quarter against the future income tax asset for operating losses in the U.S. that does not expire for up to 20 years. Uncertainty over the Company's ability to utilize these losses over the short term has led to the Company recording this valuation allowance.

Net Income (Loss) and Earnings (Loss) Per Share

In the first quarter the Company reported a net loss of $58.3 million, compared to net loss of $34.4 million in the first quarter of last year. Diluted loss per share was $1.06 for the quarter, compared to diluted loss per share of $0.62 for the first quarter of 2008.

Operating Earnings

Operating earnings are calculated as income from continuing operations excluding after-tax net realized gains and losses on securities to assess the profitability of the operations.

	3 months to March 31:	
(in millions of dollars except per share amounts)	2009	2008
Income (loss) from continuing operations	$ (54.4)	$ (35.2)
Net realized gains (losses) after tax:		
Net realized gains(losses) before tax	(19.6)	(5.7)
Tax effect on realized gains (losses)	(4.0)	(0.7)
	(15.6)	(5.0)
Operating earnings (losses)	(38.8)	(30.2)
Average outstanding shares diluted (in millions)	55.1	55.5
Operating earnings (losses) per share	(0.70)	(0.54)

Balance Sheet

The table below shows a review of selected categories from the balance sheet reported in the financial statements at the end of Q1 2009 compared to December 31, 2008.

	As at		
(in millions of dollars except per share amounts)	March 31, 2009	December 31, 2008	Change
Assets			
Securities	$ 2,091.0	$ 2,370.5	(12%)
Accounts receivable and other assets	260.3	276.5	(6%)
Income taxes recoverable	26.9	14.7	83%
Future income taxes	21.9	25.3	(13%)
Capital assets	93.5	95.3	(2%)
Goodwill and intangible assets	62.5	63.9	(2%)
Liabilities			
Unearned premiums	495.4	536.5	(8%)
Unpaid claims	1,804.5	1,879.0	(4%)
Senior unsecured debentures	182.8	185.2	(1%)
Shareholders' Equity	370.5	453.6	(18%)
Book value per share	6.73	8.24	(18%)

Securities:
The fair value of the securities portfolio including cash decreased 7% to $2.4 billion, compared to $2.5 billion as at December 31, 2008. This decrease is primarily due to the decline in premium volumes throughout the group, particularly at Lincoln General. Also contributing to the decline in the fair value of the securities portfolio is a small mark to market adjustment and the impact of a weaker Canadian dollar at the balance sheet date on the conversion of the Canadian dollar portfolio to U.S. dollars.

As previously announced, the Company elected in early 2009 to liquidate the entire common share equity portfolio in order to reduce volatility of the balance sheet and protect the Company's capital. The common share equity portfolio has been substantially disposed of during the quarter and proceeds are in the process of being reinvested in high quality fixed income securities. As at March 31, 2009, the fair value of the common share equity portfolio was $2.3 million which the Company expect to dispose of in the second quarter of 2009.

Due to generalized spread widening on corporate debt instruments, the gross unrealized losses on fixed income securities have increased to $46.2 million representing 2% of the securities portfolio. The Company has the ability and intent to hold these securities to maturity and does not expect any significant ultimate earnings impact in respect of these gross unrealized losses.

As at March 31, 2009, 92.8% of the fixed income portfolio is rated 'A' or better. For a quantitative analysis of the credit exposure of the Company from its investment in fixed income securities and term deposits by rating as assigned by S&P or Moody's Investor Services see Note 7 to the financial statements.

The fair value of the securities portfolio per share including cash decreased 7% to $43.02(C$ 54.26) per common share at March 31, 2009 compared to $46.08 (C$56.13) at December 31, 2008.

The table below summarizes the fair value by contractual maturity of the fixed income securities portfolio, which includes term deposits and bonds, split between Canadian and U.S. operations:

(U.S. dollars)

Maturity Profile:

	Canadian Operations	U.S. Operations	Total
Due in less than one year	32.8%	16.7%	21.9%
Due in one through five years	28.7	52.3	44.7
Due in five through ten years	31.9	20.6	24.3
Due after ten years	6.6	10.4	9.1
Total	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%

There were net unrealized gains of $20.6 million on the total securities portfolio or $0.37 per share outstanding at March 31, 2009 which is included as a component of "accumulated other comprehensive income", as compared to net unrealized gains of $35.0 million or $0.63 per share outstanding at December 31, 2008.

For a quantitative analysis of the impact to the fair value of the fixed income portfolio of a change in interest rates, see Note 7 to the financial statements.

As at March 31, 2009 the securities portfolio did not include any collateralized debt obligations nor any direct exposure to any asset backed commercial paper. The securities portfolio has a small exposure of approximately $1.7 million to the sub-prime mortgage market in the U.S. through home equity loan asset backed securities. As at March 31, 2009, these securities had an aggregate net unrealized loss of $0.8 million.

Accounts receivable and other assets:
Accounts receivable and other assets decreased by 6% to $260.3 million since the end of last year, primarily as a result of the settlement of reinsurance.

Income taxes recoverable:
Income taxes recoverable increased as a result of the continuing losses experienced in the quarter.

Future income taxes:
Future income taxes have decreased due to a valuation allowance recorded in the quarter of $10.4 million as a result of the continued losses of the U.S. operations. Uncertainty over the Company's ability to utilize these losses over the short term has led to the Company recording the additional allowance.

Capital assets:
Capital assets decreased by 2% since the end of last year primarily as a result of depreciation of the capital assets.

Goodwill and intangible assets:
Goodwill and intangible assets decreased by 2% since the end of last year mainly as a result of amortization of definite life intangible assets in certain of the U.S. subsidiaries.

Unearned premiums:
Unearned premiums decreased 8% since December 31, 2008 as a result of decreased premium.

Unpaid claims:
The following table presents a summary of the provision for unpaid claims by line of business:

(in millions of dollars)				
Line of Business		March 31, 2009		December 31, 2008
Non – Standard Automobile	$	477.5	$	489.3
Standard Automobile		1.7		1.7
Commercial Automobile		211.5		217.8
Trucking		626.7		657.4
Motorcycle		107.7		118.1
Property & Liability		302.5		317.4
Other		76.9		77.3
Total	$	1,804.5	$	1,879.0

The provisions for unpaid claims decreased by 4% to $1.80 billion at the end of the first quarter compared to $1.88 billion at the end of 2008. The provision for unpaid claims comprised case reserves for individual claims of $1.05 billion ($1.05 billion at December 31, 2008) and a provision for Incurred But Not Reported (IBNR) claims which decreased 9% to $750.1 million ($828.1 million at December 31, 2008). Lincoln General had $415.7 million of case reserves and $426.4 million provision for IBNR claims as at March 31, 2009, a decrease of 9% compared to the prior year.

Book value per share:
Book value per share decreased by 18% to $6.73 (C$8.49) at March 31, 2009 from $8.24 (C$10.03) at December 31, 2008 as a result of the diluted loss per share of $1.06 and the decline of $0.42 in the "Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)" component of shareholders' equity.

Contractual Obligations

Information concerning contractual obligations as at March 31, 2009 is shown in Note 7 of the financial statements. For further details on the Company's long term debt and interest obligations, refer to Note 20 of the Company's 2008 audited consolidated financial statements and pages 35 to 40 of the 2008 Annual Report which sets out the Company's contractual obligations as at December 31, 2008.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

During the three months ended March 31, 2009, the cash used in operating activities was $101.3 million. The Company's insurance subsidiaries fund their obligations primarily through the premium and investment income and maturities in the securities portfolio.

As a holding company, Kingsway derives cash from its subsidiaries generally in the form of dividends and management fees to meet its obligations, which primarily consist of dividend and interest payments. The Company believes that it has the flexibility to obtain the funds needed to fulfill its cash requirements and also to satisfy regulatory capital requirements through fiscal year 2009. The operating insurance subsidiaries require regulatory approval for the return of capital and, in certain circumstances, prior to the payment of dividends. In the event that dividends and management fees available to the holding company were inadequate to services its obligations, the Company would need to raise capital, sell assets or restructure its debt obligations. Kingsway holds $451.4 million in cash and high grade short term assets, representing approximately 19% of invested assets. The majority of the other fixed income securities are also liquid.

During the year ended December 31, 2008, the Company repurchased 468,200 common shares under the normal course issuer bid for a total purchase price of $5.2 million at an average price of $11.02 (Cdn $11.17). The Company did not repurchase any common shares during the first quarter of 2009.

As at March 31, 2009 the Company was adequately capitalized to support the premium volume of the insurance subsidiaries. Canadian property and casualty insurance companies are regulated by the Office of the Superintendent of Financial Institutions (OSFI) and the Financial Services Commission of Ontario (FSCO) and are required to maintain a level of capital sufficient to achieve a target of 150% of a minimum capital test (MCT) formula. As at March 31, 2009 the MCT's of the Canadian subsidiaries are above the target MCT level, with MCT margins ranging between 192% and 216% and aggregate capital of approximately $36.2 million in excess of required capital.

In the United States, a risk based capital (RBC) formula is used by the National Association of Insurance Commissioners (NAIC) to identify property and casualty insurance companies that may not be adequately capitalized. The NAIC requires that capital and surplus not fall below 200% of the authorized control level. As at March 31, 2009, all the U.S. subsidiaries, with the exception of Lincoln General, are above the required RBC levels, with RBC ratios ranging between 305% and 34,110% and aggregate capital excluding Lincoln of approximately $85.9 million in excess of the 200% level. As at March 31, 2009, Lincoln General's RBC is estimated at 120% placing them at a RBC regulatory action level. Please refer to Note 9 of the 2008 Annual Report and Note 8 to these interim financial statements for further details.

The reinsurance subsidiaries, which are domiciled in Barbados and Bermuda, are required by the regulator in the jurisdictions in which they operate to maintain minimum capital levels. As at March 31, 2009 the capital maintained by Kingsway Reinsurance Corporation was approximately $74.9 million in excess of the regulatory requirements in Barbados and the capital maintained by Kingsway Reinsurance (Bermuda) Limited was approximately $9.6 million in excess of regulatory requirements.

Off-Balance Sheet Financing

The Company entered into an off-balance sheet transaction through the Kingsway Linked Return of Capital Trust transaction that was completed on July 14, 2005 which is more fully described in Note 20(d) of the 2008 audited consolidated financial statements and page 39 of the 2008 Annual Report. The Company has one other off-balance sheet financing arrangement as described on page 39 of the 2008 Annual Report.

International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS)

In 2006, the Accounting Standards Board (AcSB) published a new plan that will significantly affect financial reporting requirements for Canadian companies. The AcSB strategic plan outlines the convergence of Canadian GAAP with IFRS over an expected five year transitional period. In February 2008, the AcSB announced that 2011 is the changeover date for publically-listed companies to use IFRS, replacing existing Canadian GAAP. The date is for interim and annual financial statements relating to fiscal years beginning on or after January 1, 2011. The transition date of January 1, 2011 will require the restatement for comparative purposes of amounts reported by the Company for the year ended December 31, 2010. The Company has begun assessing the adoption of IFRS for 2011, which is more fully described on pages 43 and 44 of the 2008 Annual Report.

Disclosure of Outstanding Share Data

As at April 30, 2009, the Company had 55,068,528 common shares outstanding.

Summary of Quarterly Results

The following table presents the financial results over the previous eight quarters.

	2009	2008				2007		
(in millions of dollars except per share)	Q1	Q4	Q3	Q2	Q1	Q4	Q3	Q2
Gross premiums written	$ 259.0	$ 295.6	$ 354.6	$ 422.0	$ 431.0	$ 418.8	$ 478.2	$ 499.2
Net premiums earned	283.5	305.6	371.0	395.0	412.7	432.8	451.6	444.4
Total revenue	290.9	219.6	374.5	438.4	443.1	480.8	490.9	507.3
Net income (loss)	(58.3)	(360.4)	(17.4)	6.3	(34.4)	(103.5)	23.6	41.7
Earnings (loss) per share								
Basic	(1.06)	(6.53)	(0.31)	0.11	(0.62)	(1.86)	0.43	0.75
Diluted	(1.06)	(6.53)	(0.32)	0.11	(0.62)	(1.84)	0.42	0.74

Supplementary Financial Information from Continuing Operations

Financial Strength Indicators:

Some of the key indicators of the Company's financial strength are as follows:

	March 31, 2009	December 31, 2008
Rolling four quarter calculations:		
Net premiums written to estimated statutory surplus ratio	2.2x	2.1x
Senior debt to capitalization ratio	35.0%	31.9%
Total debt to capitalization ratio	47.4%	42.9%

Selected Financial Information expressed in Canadian dollars

The selected financial information disclosed below has been translated using the Bank of Canada monthly average exchange rate for the income statement and the month end rate for the balance sheet. Readers should be cautioned as to the limited usefulness of the selected financial information presented below.

	3 months to March 31:	
(in millions of dollars except per share amount)	2009	2008
Gross premiums written	$322.0	$ 432.8
Net premiums earned	353.6	414.4
Net income (loss)	(73.3)	(34.4)
Earnings per share – diluted	(1.33)	(0.63)
Underwriting profit (loss)	(73.8)	(66.3)
Book value per share	8.49	16.61

Outlook

The Company's 2008 Annual Report includes description and analysis of the key factors and events that could impact future earnings under the heading Risks Factors in the Management's Discussion and Analysis section. These factors and events have, for the most part, remained substantially unchanged.

Disclosure Controls and Procedures

Management of the Company is responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures for the Company as defined under Multilateral Instrument 52-109 issued by the Canadian Securities Administrators. Management has designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused them to be designed under its supervision, to provide reasonable assurance that material information relating to the Company, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to the Chief Executive Officer and the Chief Financial Officer by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which the annual filings are being prepared.

Internal Controls over Financial Reporting

Management of the Company is responsible for designing internal controls over financial reporting for the Company as defined under Multilateral Instrument 52-109 issued by the Canadian Securities Administrators. Management has designed such internal controls over financial reporting, or caused them to be designed under their supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of the financial statements for external purposes in accordance with GAAP. There has been no change in the Company's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the Company's most recent interim period that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the Company's internal control over financial reporting.

Forward Looking Statements

This press release (including the Management's Discussion and Analysis) includes "forward looking statements" that are subject to risks and uncertainties. These statements relate to future events or future performance and reflect management's current expectations and assumptions. The words "anticipate", "expect", "believe", "may", "should", "estimate", "project", "outlook", "forecast" or similar words are used to identify such forward looking information. Such forward looking statements reflect management's current beliefs and are based on information currently available to management of the Company. A number of factors could cause actual events, performance or results to differ materially from the events, performance and results discussed in the forward-looking statements. For information identifying important factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from those anticipated in the forward looking statements, see Kingsway's securities filings, including its 2008 Annual Report under the heading Risk Factors in the Management's Discussion and Analysis section. The securities filings can be accessed on the Canadian Securities Administrators' website at www.sedar.com, and on the EDGAR section of the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission's website at www.sec.gov or through the Company's website at www.kingsway-financial.com. The Company disclaims any intention or obligation to update or revise any forward looking statements, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise.

Additional Information

Additional information relating to Kingsway, including Kingsway's Annual Report and Kingsway's Annual Information Form is on SEDAR at www.sedar.com.

KINGSWAY FINANCIAL SERVICES INC.
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS
(In thousands of U.S. dollars, except for per share amounts)

(Unaudited)	**3 months to March 31:**	
	2009	2008
Gross premiums written	**$ 258,978**	$ 431,027
Net premiums written	**$ 248,531**	$ 397,988
Revenue:		
Net premiums earned	**$ 283,492**	$ 412,655
Investment income (Note 6)	**27,000**	36,180
Net realized losses (Note 6)	**(19,575)**	(5,718)
	290,917	443,117
Expenses:		
Claims incurred	**$ 245,849**	$ 348,166
Commissions and premiums taxes	**42,571**	71,190
General and administrative expenses	**53,921**	59,406
Interest expense	**6,296**	9,916
Amortization of intangibles (Note 2)	**2,773**	3,324
	351,410	492,002
Loss from continuing operations before income taxes	**(60,493)**	(48,885)
Income taxes (recovery)	**(6,065)**	(13,721)
Loss from continuing operations	**(54,428)**	(35,164)
Income (loss) from discontinued operations, net of taxes (note 3)	**(2,223)**	765
Loss on disposal of discontinued operations, net of taxes	**(1,616)**	-
Net loss	**$ (58,267)**	$ (34,399)
Earnings (loss) per share - continuing operations:		
Basic:	**$ (0.99)**	$ (0.63)
Diluted:	**$ (0.99)**	$ (0.63)
Earnings (loss) per share – net loss:		
Basic:	**$ (1.06)**	$ (0.62)
Diluted:	**$ (1.06)**	$ (0.62)
Weighted average shares outstanding (in ‘000s):		
Basic:	**55,069**	55,411
Diluted:	**55,107**	55,502

KINGSWAY FINANCIAL SERVICES INC.
CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS
(In thousands of U.S. dollars)

	March 31 2009 (unaudited)	December 31 2008
ASSETS		
Cash and cash equivalents	**$ 219,904**	$ 105,656
Securities (Note 6)	**2,090,999**	2,370,485
Accrued investment income	**20,846**	24,554
Financed premiums	**58,135**	61,616
Accounts receivable and other assets	**260,328**	276,450
Due from reinsurers and other insurers	**125,803**	177,945
Deferred policy acquisition costs	**117,977**	127,555
Income taxes recoverable	**26,910**	14,737
Future income taxes	**21,932**	25,291
Capital assets (Note 2)	**93,476**	95,259
Goodwill and intangible assets (Note 2)	**62,478**	63,893
	$ 3,098,788	$ 3,343,441
LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY		
LIABILITIES		
Loans payable	**$ 66,222**	$ 66,222
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	**91,953**	135,565
Unearned premiums	**495,377**	536,480
Unpaid claims	**1,804,528**	1,879,016
Senior unsecured debentures	**182,770**	185,203
Subordinated indebtedness	**87,391**	87,383
	2,728,241	2,889,869
SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY		
Share capital	**322,344**	322,344
Issued and outstanding number of common shares		
55,068,528 – March 31, 2009		
55,068,528 – December 31, 2008		
Contributed surplus	**9,153**	9,791
Retained earnings	**39,425**	98,564
Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)	**(375)**	22,873
	370,547	453,572
	$ 3,098,788	$ 3,343,441

KINGSWAY FINANCIAL SERVICES INC.
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY
(In thousands of U.S. dollars)

	For the three months ended	
(Unaudited)	**March 31 2009**	March 31 2008
Share capital		
Balance at beginning of period	**$ 322,344**	$ 326,151
Issued during the period	**-**	48
Repurchased for cancellation	**-**	(2,669)
Balance at end of period	**322,344**	323,530
Contributed surplus		
Balance at beginning of period	**$ 9,791**	$ 7,619
Stock option expense	**(638)**	28
Balance at end of period	**9,153**	7,647
Retained earnings		
Balance at beginning of period	**$ 98,564**	$ 521,165
Net loss for the period	**(58,267)**	(34,399)
Common share dividends	**(872)**	(4,139)
Repurchase of shares for cancellation	**-**	(1,121)
Balance at end of period	**39,425**	481,506
Accumulated other comprehensive income		
Balance at beginning of period	**$ 22,873**	$ 85,866
Other comprehensive income (loss)	**(23,248)**	(4,601)
Balance at end of period	**(375)**	81,265
Total shareholders' equity at end of period	**$ 370,547**	$ 893,948

KINGSWAY FINANCIAL SERVICES INC.
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS)
(In thousands of U.S. dollars)

	For the three months ended	
(Unaudited)	**March 31 2009**	**March 31 2008**
Comprehensive income		
Net loss	**$ (58,267)**	$ (34,399)
Other comprehensive income, net of taxes:		
• Change in unrealized gains (losses) on available-for securities:		
Unrealized gains (losses) arising during the period, net of income taxes [1]	**(1,162)**	9,952
Recognition of realized losses (gains) to net income, net of income taxes [2]	**(11,202)**	(347)
• Unrealized gains (losses) on translating financial statement of self-sustaining foreign operations	**(9,523)**	(14,206)
• Gain (loss) on cash flow hedge	**(1,361)**	-
Other comprehensive income (loss)	**(23,248)**	(4,601)
Comprehensive income (loss)	**$ (81,515)**	$ (39,000)

[1] Net of income tax of ($3,750) for the quarter to March 31, 2009 and $(1,953) for the quarter to March 31, 2008.
[2] Net of income tax of $(2,670) for the quarter to March 31, 2009 and $(266) for the quarter to March 31, 2008.

KINGSWAY FINANCIAL SERVICES INC.
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS
(In thousands of U.S. dollars)

	3 months to March 31:	
(Unaudited)	**2009**	2008
Cash flows from operating activities		
Net loss	**$ (58,267)**	$ (34,399)
Items not affecting cash:		
Amortization	**3,828**	4,931
Future and current income taxes	**4,599**	(6,200)
Net realized (gains) losses	**21,516**	5,547
Amortization of bond premiums and discounts	**64**	(2,470)
Net change in other non-cash balances	**(73,019)**	(31,612)
	(101,279)	(64,203)
Cash flows from financing activities		
Increase in share capital	**-**	48
Repurchase of common shares for cancellation	**-**	(3,790)
Dividends paid	**(872)**	(4,139)
Increase (decrease) in bank indebtedness and loans payable	**(368)**	(10,655)
Decrease in senior unsecured indebtedness	**-**	(17,289)
	(1,240)	(35,825)
Investing activities		
Purchase of securities	**(533,020)**	(719,671)
Proceeds from sale of securities	**752,608**	801,273
Financed premiums receivable, net	**1,993**	3,156
Acquisitions, net of cash acquired	**-**	(212)
Net proceeds from sale of discontinued operations	**(1,941)**	-
Net change to capital assets and intangible assets	**(2,873)**	(1,474)
	216,767	83,072
Net change in cash and cash equivalents	**114,248**	(16,956)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	**105,656**	161,635
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	**$ 219,904**	$ 144,679

NOTE 1 Basis of Presentation

These interim consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with The Canadian Institute of Chartered Accountants ("CICA") Canadian generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP") using the same accounting policies as were used for the Company's consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2008 except for the changes in accounting policies as noted below. These interim consolidated financial statements do not contain all disclosures required by generally accepted accounting principles and accordingly should be read in conjunction with the Company's audited consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2008 as set out on pages 65 to 104 of the Company's 2008 Annual Report. The results of the operations for the interim periods are not necessarily indicative of the full-year results.

NOTE 2 Change In Accounting Polices

Commencing January 1, 2009, the Company adopted the CICA Handbook Section 3064 Goodwill and Intangible Assets. As a result of adopting the new standard, certain software costs previously recorded as Capital assets are now recorded as Intangible assets in the Consolidated Balance Sheet. Accordingly, $18.1 million at December 31, 2008 was reclassified from Capital assets to Intangible assets. The related amortization expense that was previously recorded in General and administrative expenses on the Consolidated Statement of Operations is now recorded as Amortization of intangibles. Accordingly, $1.6 million for three month period ended March 31, 2008 was reclassified from General and administrative expenses to Amortization of intangibles.

Commencing January 20, 2009, the Company adopted the CICA Handbook EIC 173 – Credit Risk and the Fair Value of Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities, which clarifies the consideration of entity's own credit risk and the credit risk of the counterparty in determining the fair value of financial assets and financial liabilities, including derivative instruments. The accounting treatment should be applied retrospectively without restatement of prior periods to all financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value. There was no resulting difference noted on adoption.

NOTE 3 Discontinued Operations

On September 30, 2008 the company completed its previously announced sale of York Fire and Casualty Insurance Company (York Fire), a primarily standard insurance writer, for C$95 million in cash. The Company has classified York Fire as discontinued operations and the results of its operations are reported separately for all periods presented. Prior to the sale, York Fire was part of the Canadian reporting segment. The final settlement was completed in the first quarter of 2009 and the adjustments are reflected accordingly.

Summarized financial information for discontinued York Fire operations is shown below.

(Unaudited – tabular amounts in thousands of U.S. dollars)

	Quarter to March 31:	
	2009	**2008**
Operations:		
Revenue	$ (215)	$ 31,398
Income (loss) from discontinued operations before taxes	(2,750)	70
Income tax (recovery)	(527)	(695)
Income (loss) from discontinued operations before disposal, net of taxes	$ (2,223)	$ 765
Disposals:		
Loss on disposal before income taxes	$ (1,941)	$ -
Income tax (recovery)	(325)	-
Loss on disposal, net of taxes	$ (1,616)	$ -
Total gain (loss) from discontinued operations, net of taxes	$ (3,839)	$ 765

NOTE 4 Stock-based Compensation

As reported on pages 81 – 84 of the Company's 2008 Annual Report, effective January 1, 2003 the Company adopted on a prospective basis the fair-value method of accounting for stock-based compensation awards granted to employees and non-employee directors.

Per share fair value of options granted during 2009 was C$0.45 and C$0.97 in March. Per share fair value of options granted during 2008 was C$2.88 in February, C$2.43 in May and C$2.45 in September. The fair value of the options granted was estimated at the date of grant using a Black-Scholes option pricing model with the following weighted average assumptions:

	As at March 31:	
	2009	2008
Risk-free interest rate	1.78%	3.22%
Dividend yield	4.21%	2.23%
Volatility of the expected market price of the Company's common shares	88.1%	27.8%
Expected option life (in years)	4.0	4.0

The Black-Scholes option valuation model was developed for use in estimating fair value of traded options which have no vesting restrictions and are fully transferable. As the Company's employee stock options have characteristics significantly different from those of traded options, and because changes in the subjective input assumptions can materially affect the fair value estimate, in management's opinion, the above pro forma adjustments are not necessarily a reliable single measure of the fair value of the Company's employee stock options.

NOTE 5 Segmented Information

The Company provides property and casualty insurance and other insurance related services in three reportable segments, Canada, the United States and corporate and other insurance related services. The Company's Canadian and United States segments include transactions with the Company's reinsurance subsidiaries. At the present time, other insurance related services are not significant. Results for the Company's operating segments are based on the Company's internal financial reporting systems and are consistent with those followed in the preparation of the consolidated financial statements. The reportable segments for Canada have been updated to conform to current period's financial statement presentation for the results of continuing operations.

(Unaudited – tabular amounts in thousands of U.S. dollars)

	Three months ended March 31, 2009			
	Canada	United States	Corporate and other	Total
Gross premiums written	$ 62,342	$ 196,636	$ -	$ 258,978
Net premiums earned	78,998	204,494	-	283,492
Investment income (loss)	10,145	16,855	-	27,000
Net realized loss	(6,390)	(13,185)	-	(19,575)
Interest expense	-	6,296	-	6,296
Amortization of capital assets	395	534	146	1,075
Amortization of intangible assets	-	2,135	638	2,773
Income tax expense (recovery)	(2,784)	(2,975)	(306)	(6,065)
Income (loss) from continuing operations	(13,357)	(45,401)	4,330	(54,428)
Capital assets	$ 45,470	$ 46,832	$ 1,174	$ 93,476
Goodwill and intangible assets	5,790	38,778	17,910	62,478
Total assets	923,083	2,092,537	83,168	3,098,788

	Three months ended March 31, 2008			
	Canada	United States	Corporate and other	Total
Gross premiums written	$ 93,656	$ 337,371	$ -	$ 431,027
Net premiums earned	101,606	311,049	-	412,655
Investment income (loss)	13,717	23,000	(537)	36,180
Net realized gains	(1,848)	(3,870)	-	(5,718)
Interest expense	-	8,586	1,330	9,916
Amortization of capital assets	543	811	424	1,778
Amortization of intangible assets	-	2,609	715	3,324
Income tax expense (recovery)	(6,273)	(9,545)	2,097	(13,721)
Income (loss) from continuing operations	(4,968)	(34,094)	3,898	(35,164)
Capital assets	$ 59,620	$ 48,962	$ 1,870	$ 110,452
Goodwill and intangible assets	8,954	118,831	5,968	133,753
Total assets	1,587,473	2,922,033	35,727	4,545,233

(Unaudited – tabular amounts in thousands of U.S. dollars)

NOTE 6 Securities

The table below provides the amortized cost and fair values of securities:

		March 31, 2009			
		Amortized cost	Gross Unrealized Gains	Gross Unrealized Losses	Fair Value
Term Deposits		$ 228,033	$ 3,290	$ 7	$ 231,316
Bonds:					
Canadian	- Government	179,034	6,274	19	185,289
	- Corporate	260,531	4,381	10,185	254,727
U.S	- Government	57,848	4,273	33	62,088
	- Corporate	1,260,636	49,361	34,477	1,275,520
Other	- Government	-	-	-	-
	- Corporate	75,245	2,371	1,479	76,137
Sub-total		**$2,061,327**	**$ 69,950**	**$ 46,200**	**$2,085,077**
Common shares	- Canadian	2,221	79	15	2,285
	- U.S	15	14	-	29
Preferred shares	- Canadian	6,343	-	3,159	3,184
	- U.S	531	-	107	424
		$2,070,437	**$ 70,043**	**$ 49,481**	**$2,090,999**

		December 31, 2008			
		Amortized cost	Gross Unrealized Gains	Gross Unrealized Losses	Fair Value
Term Deposits		$ 184,381	$ 3,610	$ 20	$ 187,971
Bonds:					
Canadian	- Government	149,200	8,310	7	157,503
	- Corporate	257,758	2,414	12,420	247,752
U.S	- Government	63,404	5,060	775	67,689
	- Corporate	1,284,516	49,356	27,627	1,306,245
Other	- Government	-	-	-	-
	- Corporate	128,382	4,328	999	131,711
Sub-total		**$2,067,641**	**$ 73,078**	**$ 41,848**	**$2,098,871**
Common shares	- Canadian	114,167	2,590	-	116,757
	- U.S	146,408	4,883	-	151,291
Preferred shares	- Canadian	6,692	8	3,629	3,071
	- U.S	634	-	139	495
		$2,335,542	**$ 80,559**	**$ 45,616**	**$2,370,485**

(Unaudited – tabular amounts in thousands of U.S. dollars)

Fair values of term deposits, bonds and common and preferred shares are considered to approximate quoted market values based on the latest bid prices in active markets. Fair value of securities for which no active market exists are derived from quoted market prices of similar securities or third party evidence.

As part of the quarterly analysis performed by management to determine declines in market value that are other than temporary, write downs for other-than-temporary impairments were $1.7 million compared to $9.0 million for the quarter ended March 31, 2008.

Management has reviewed currently available information regarding other securities whose estimated fair values are less than their carrying amounts and believes that these unrealized losses are not other than temporary and are primarily due to temporary market and sector related factors rather than to issuer-specific factors.

Net investment income for the quarter ended March 31 is comprised as follows:

	2009	2008
Investment income		
Interest on short term securities	$ 868	$ 4,237
Interest on Bonds	22,494	29,380
Dividends	1,360	2,799
Premium Finance	863	989
Other	2,762	807
Gross Investment Income	**$ 28,347**	**$ 38,212**
Investment Expenses	1,347	2,032
Net Investment Income	**$ 27,000**	**$ 36,180**

Net realized losses for the quarter ended March 31, 2009 were $19.6 million compared to net realized loss of $5.7 million for the quarter ended March 31, 2008.

NOTE 7 Financial Instruments

Risk Management

The Company's risk management policies and practices are described on pages 18 to 20, 45 to 53 and 74 to 78 of the Company's 2008 Annual Report. There has been no significant change in the risk management framework since December 31, 2008.

In addition, the Company has provided herein the disclosures required under the Canadian Institute of Chartered Accountants (CICA) handbook section 3862, "Financial Instruments – Disclosures" related to the nature and extent of risks arising from financial instruments. These disclosures form an integral part of the interim consolidated financial statements.

The table below summarizes the credit exposure of the Company from its investments in fixed income securities and term deposits by rating as assigned by S&P or Moody's Investor Services, using the higher of these ratings for any security where there is a split rating:

(Unaudited – tabular amounts in thousands of U.S. dollars)

	March 31, 2009			December 31, 2008		
AAA/ Aaa	$ 1,098,317	52.7	%	$ 1,146,703	54.7	%
AA/Aa2	379,230	18.2		341,280	16.3	
A/A2	456,751	21.9		505,748	24.1	
BBB/Baa2	87,885	4.2		65,255	3.1	
BB/Ba2	3,635	0.2		5,122	0.2	
B/B2	7,325	0.4		7,838	0.4	
CCC/Caa or lower, or not rated	51,934	2.4		26,925	1.2	
Total consolidated	**$ 2,085,077**	**100.0**	**%**	**$ 2,098,871**	**100.0**	**%**

As at March 31, 2009, 92.8% of the fixed income portfolio is rated 'A' or better. The 'not rated' category consists primarily of investments in money market instruments. Changes in this balance period over period are primarily due to timing of investment maturities and reinvestment.

Duration is a measure used to estimate the extent market values of fixed income instruments change with changes in interest rates. Using this measure, it is estimated that an immediate hypothetical 100 basis point or 1 percent parallel increase in interest rates would decrease the market value of the fixed income securities by $68.6 million at March 31, 2009, representing 3.3% of the $2.1 billion fair value fixed income securities portfolio.

The Company has substantially eliminated its exposure to equity price risk subsequent to liquidation of its common equity portfolio during the quarter. The Company also has a small exposure to changes in the U.S. to Canadian dollar foreign currency exchange rate. The Company does not hedge any foreign currency exposure that may exist in the securities portfolio. Our U.S. operations generally hold their investments in U.S. dollar denominated securities, and the Canadian operations in Canadian dollar denominated securities.

The following table summarizes carrying amounts of financial instruments by contractual maturity or expected cash flow dates (the actual repricing dates may differ from contractual maturity because certain securities and debentures have the right to call or prepay obligations with or without call or prepayment penalties):

As at March 31, 2009	One year or less	One to five years	Five to ten years	More than ten years	No specific date	Total
Assets:						
Cash & cash equivalents	219,904	-	-	-	-	219,904
Securities	456,669	930,806	506,776	190,647	6,101	2,090,999
Accrued Investment Income	20,846	-	-	-	-	20,846
Finance Premiums	58,135	-	-	-	-	58,135
Accounts receivable and other assets	260,328	-	-	-	-	260,328
Due from reinsurers and other insurers	44,685	67,880	11,667	1,571	-	125,803
Total:	1,060,567	998,686	518,443	192,218	6,101	2,776,015
Liabilities:						
Loans payable	-	-	66,222	-	-	66,222
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	91,953	-	-	-	-	91,953
Unpaid claims	640,962	973,676	167,357	22,533	-	1,804,528
Senior unsecured debentures	-	78,566	104,204	-	-	182,770
Subordinated indebtedness	-	-	-	87,391	-	87,391
Total:	732,915	1,052,242	337,783	109,924	-	2,232,864

(Unaudited – tabular amounts in thousands of U.S. dollars)

As at December 31, 2008	One year or less	One to five years	Five to ten years	More than ten years	No specific date	Total
Assets:						
Cash & cash equivalents	$ 105,656	$ -	$ -	$ -	$ -	$ 105,656
Securities	405,619	986,244	524,479	182,529	271,614	2,370,485
Accrued investment income	24,554	-	-	-	-	24,554
Finance premiums	61,616	-	-	-	-	61,616
Accounts receivable and other assets	276,450	-	-	-	-	276,450
Due from reinsurers and other insurers	63,195	95,990	16,533	2,227	-	177,945
Total:	937,090	1,082,234	541,012	184,756	271,614	3,016,706
Liabilities:						
Loans payable	-	-	66,222	-	-	66,222
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	135,565	-	-	-	-	135,565
Unpaid claims	667,307	1,013,611	174,579	23,519	-	1,879,016
Senior unsecured debentures	-	81,137	104,066	-	-	185,203
Subordinated indebtedness	-	-	-	87,383	-	87,383
Total:	802,872	1,094,748	344,867	110,902	-	2,353,389

Collateral pledged: As at March 31, 2009, bonds and term deposits with an estimated fair value of $51.6 million were on deposit with state and provincial regulatory authorities. Also, from time to time, the Company pledges securities to third parties to collateralize liabilities incurred under its policies of insurance. At March 31, 2009, the amount of such pledged securities was $124.3 million. Collateral pledging transactions are conducted under terms that are common and customary to standard collateral pledging and are subject to the Company's standard risk management controls.

The Company has a syndicate $300 million letter of credit facility which is principally used to collateralize inter-company reinsurance balances for statutory capital management purposes. The Company pledges securities to collateralize the utilized portion of the letter of credit facility. At March 31, 2009 the letter of credit facility utilization was $263.8 million.

Fair value:

Refer to Note 6 with respect to fair value disclosure on securities. The carrying value of unpaid claims does not take into consideration the time value of money or make an explicit provision for adverse deviation. In order to estimate the fair value of the unpaid claims, the Company uses an actuarial approach recognizing the time value of money which incorporates assumptions concerning projected cash flows and appropriate provisions for adverse deviation. As at March 31, 2009 the estimated fair value of the unpaid claims was $1,952.3 million ($1,820.8 million net of reinsurers' share of unpaid claims). The estimated fair value is approximately $148 million above the undiscounted carrying value as a result of the inclusion of a provision for adverse development totaling $184.6 million in addition to the present value of unpaid claims. There is no active market for policy liabilities, so a market value is not readily available.

The table below summarizes the fair valuation of debt liabilities, though they are held at amortized cost on the consolidated balance sheet:

	March 31, 2009		
	Total fair value*	Total carrying value	Favorable
Loans Payable	$ 32,483	$ 66,222	$ 33,739
Senior unsecured debentures	89,242	182,770	93,528
Subordinated indebtedness	20,281	87,391	67,110

(Unaudited – tabular amounts in thousands of U.S. dollars)

	December 31, 2008		
	Total fair value*	Total carrying value	Favorable
Loans Payable	$ 43,094	$ 66,222	$ 23,128
Senior unsecured debentures	128,497	185,203	56,706
Subordinated indebtedness	17,712	87,383	69,671

*The fair value is based on market observable inputs.

The carrying value of all other financial instruments approximates their fair value due to the short term to maturity of those financial instruments.

The Company uses fair value hierarchy to categorize the inputs used in valuation techniques to measure fair value. The extent of the Company's use of quoted market prices (Level 1), internal models using observable market information as inputs (Level 2) and internal models without observable market information (Level 3) in the valuation of securities as at March 31, 2009 was as follows:

Description	**Available for sale securities**	
	Equity	**Fixed income**
Fair value	$5,922	$2,085,077
Based on:		
Quoted market prices	100.0%	-
Valuation techniques-Significant market observable Inputs	-	100.0%
Valuation techniques-Significant unobservable market inputs	-	-

NOTE 8 Capital Management

As at March 31, 2009 the Company was adequately capitalized to support the premium volume of the insurance subsidiaries. Canadian property and casualty insurance companies are regulated by the Office of the Superintendent of Financial Institutions (OSFI) and the Financial Services Commission of Ontario (FSCO) and are required to maintain a level of capital sufficient to achieve a target of 150% of a minimum capital test (MCT) ratio. As at March 31, 2009 the MCT's of the Canadian subsidiaries are above the target MCT level, with MCT ratios ranging between 192% and 216% and aggregate capital of approximately $36.2 million in excess of required capital.

In the United States, a risk based capital (RBC) formula is used by the National Association of Insurance Commissioners (NAIC) to identify property and casualty insurance companies that may not be adequately capitalized. The NAIC requires that capital and surplus not fall below 200% of the authorized control level. As at March 31, 2009, all the U.S. subsidiaries, with the exception of Lincoln General, are above the required RBC levels, with RBC ratios ranging between 305 % and 34,110 % and have aggregate capital excluding Lincoln General of approximately $85.9 million in excess of the 200% level. As at March 31, 2009 Lincoln General's RBC was 120% which is at the regulatory action level. Based on the current RBC level, an additional $38.6 million would be required to increase the Lincoln General RBC level above 200%. As a result of its current RBC level, the Pennsylvania Insurance Department is required to conduct an examination and issue an order outlining corrective action to be taken. Further, under Pennsylvania law, Lincoln may be deemed to be operating in a financially hazardous condition based on its financial statements at December 31, 2008. As a result, the Pennsylvania Insurance Department has the power to take a variety of regulatory actions, including but not limited to department supervision, and the seeking of a court order of rehabilitation or liquidation if it determines that Lincoln's condition is such that the further transaction of business would be hazardous, financially, to its policyholders, creditors or the public. If Lincoln were subject to an order of rehabilitation or liquidation it would have a material adverse effect on the Company's results of operations and financial condition.

As part of a plan developed by management, Lincoln has initiated running off its book of business and, accordingly, management has ceased writing new or renewal business, except where otherwise required by law or pre-existing contractual obligations, and has initiated mid-term cancellations in certain lines of business. As at December 31, 2008, Lincoln had statutory admitted assets of $386.7 million, liabilities of $307.5 million, and statutory capital and surplus of $79.2 million. On March 11, 2009, Lincoln entered into a letter agreement with the Pennsylvania Insurance Department (the Department) that provides for increased supervisory oversight by the Department including but not limited to increased reporting and Department approval of non-routine matters including transfers or pledges of assets, extension of loans, incurring of debt, increases in salaries, payments of bonuses to officers and directors, and consummation of material transactions.

(Unaudited – tabular amounts in thousands of U.S. dollars)

Lincoln General submitted its regulatory action plan on May 7, 2009 which is subject to approval of the Pennsylvania Insurance Department.

The reinsurance subsidiaries, which are domiciled in Barbados and Bermuda, are required by the regulator in the jurisdictions in which they operate to maintain minimum capital levels. As at March 31, 2009 the capital maintained by Kingsway Reinsurance Corporation was approximately $74.9 million ($ 77.9 million as at December 31, 2008) in excess of the regulatory requirements in Barbados and the capital maintained by Kingsway Reinsurance (Bermuda) Limited was approximately $9.6 million ($15.4 million as at December 31, 2008) in excess of regulatory requirements.

NOTE 9 Hedges

The Company has recorded a $0.3 million loss during the quarter due to the ineffective portion of the designated hedge. The cost to the Company to settle the swap as at March 31, 2009 was $17.9 million.

NOTE 10 Special charges

During the first quarter of 2009, the Company announced the corporate restructuring plan to concentrate in its core and profitable lines of business and is targeted to improve the Company's financial stability. The Company is consolidating operations in U.S. and Canada, simplifying the management structure, reducing costs through synergies and operational efficiencies and positioning the Company to seize competitive advantage. As the Company exits businesses and streamlines operations, approximately 1,000 employees will be removed from the total workforce over the next eighteen to twenty four months. Restructuring plan costs will be approximately $20 million, to be incurred over fiscal 2009 and 2010, of which $2.9 million was expensed in the first three months of 2009.

During the three months ended March 31, 2009, the Company continued to implement these restructuring work plans. Special charges for the three months ended March 31, 2009 were as follows:

	Severance and Benefits
Provision balance at January 1, 2009	-
(Income) expense	2,943
Payments	2,056
Provision balance at March 31, 2009	887

Special charges are included in the statement of operations under General and administrative expenses.

The following table summarizes the total special charges incurred by segment during the three months ended March 31, 2009:

	Canada	**U.S.**	**Total**
Total special charges	1,900	1,043	2,943

NOTE 11 Acquisitions

On April 1, 2007 the Company acquired 100% of the voting shares of Mendota Insurance Company ('Mendota') whose primary business is non-standard automobile insurance. This transaction includes Mendota's wholly owned subsidiaries, Mendakota Insurance Company and Mendota Insurance Agency, Inc. The earnings of Mendota have been included in the statement of operations from April 1, 2007.

During the first quarter of 2008, the final purchase price was determined at $51.1 million. The Company has recognized total goodwill $1.2 million related to this acquisition, of which $0.2 million was recorded in 2008 and $1.0 million during 2007.

The Company also recognized total intangible assets of $10.7 million related to this acquisition during 2007, of which $7.8 million was assigned to insurance licenses with an indefinite life and not subject to amortization, $1.1 million was assigned to computer software and is being amortized straight line over its defined useful life of 5 years and $1.8 million assigned to agent relationships and is also being amortized of a 5 year term but based on a pattern in which the economic benefits of the asset are expected to be consumed.

NOTE 12 Related Party Transaction

In March 2009, the Company obtained a facility from a related party to allow for specific purpose capital initiatives. This is a related party transaction for financial reporting purposes as there is common board representation between the related parties.. The facility is at fair market terms and conditions. As of March 31, 2009, the facility remains undrawn.

(Unaudited – tabular amounts in thousands of U.S. dollars)

NOTE 13 Supplemental Condensed Consolidating Financial Information

On July 10, 2007, K2007GP issued C$100 million of 6% senior unsecured debentures unconditionally guaranteed by the Company ("KFSI") and Kingsway America Inc. ("KAI"), a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company. The following is the condensed consolidating financial information for the Company as of March 31, 2009 and December 31, 2008, and for the period ended March 31, 2009 and 2008, with a separate column for each Guarantor, the issuer and the other businesses of the Company combined ("Non-Guarantor subsidiaries").

Condensed Consolidating Statement of Operations
For the three months ended March 31, 2009

	KFSI	KAI	K2007GP	Other Subsidiaries	Consolidation adjustments	Total
	(a "Guarantor")	(a "Guarantor")	(the "Issuer")	(the "Non-Guarantor subsidiaries")		
Revenue:						
Net premiums earned	$ -	$ -	$ -	$ 298,126	$ (14,634)	$ 283,492
Investment related income	919	940	1,401	933	3,232	7,425
Management fees	17,084	6,822	-	-	(23,906)	-
	$ 18,003	$ 7,762	$ 1,401	$ 299,059	$ (35,308)	$ 290,917
Expenses:						
Claims incurred	$ -	$ -	$ -	$ 278,484	$ (32,635)	$ 245,849
Commissions and premium taxes	-	-	-	42,571	-	42,571
Other expenses	15,595	6,748	220	35,064	(933)	56,694
Interest expense	-	6,590	1,446	-	(1,740)	6,296
	15,595	13,338	1,666	356,119	(35,308)	351,410
Income (loss) from continuing operations before income taxes	2,408	(5,576)	(265)	(57,060)	-	(60,493)
Income taxes (recovery)	(306)	(1,896)	(90)	(3,773)	-	(6,065)
Income (loss) from continuing operations	2,714	(3,680)	(175)	(53,287)	-	(54,428)
Income (loss) from discontinued operations	-	-	-	(2,223)	-	(2,223)
Gain (loss) on disposal of discontinued operations	(1,941)	-	-	325	-	(1,616)
Equity in undistributed net income of subsidiaries	(59,040)	(30,920)	-	-	89,960	-
Net income (loss)	$ (58,267)	$ (34,600)	$ (175)	$ (55,185)	$ 89,960	$ (58,267)

(Unaudited – tabular amounts in thousands of U.S. dollars)

Condensed Consolidating Statement of Operations

For the three months ended March 31, 2008

	KFSI (a "Guarantor")	KAI (an "issuer" / "Guarantor")	K2007GP (an "Issuer")	Other Subsidiaries (the "Non-Guarantor subsidiaries")	Consolidation adjustments	Total
Revenue:						
Net premiums earned	$ -	$ -	$ -	$ 412,655	$ -	$ 412,655
Investment related income	(537)	859	1,829	18,724	9,587	30,462
Management fees	30,008	4,471	-	-	(34,479)	-
	$ 29,471	$ 5,330	$ 1,829	$ 431,379	$ (24,892)	$ 443,117
Expenses:						
Claims incurred	$ -	$ -	$ -	$ 360,676	$ (12,510)	$ 348,166
Commissions and premium taxes	-	-	-	71,190	-	71,190
Other expenses	22,147	6,927	59	45,979	(12,382)	62,730
Interest expense	1,330	7,141	1,498	(53)	-	9,916
	23,477	14,068	1,557	477,792	(24,892)	492,002
Income (loss) from continuing operations before income taxes	5,994	(8,738)	272	(46,413)	-	(48,885)
Income taxes (recovery)	2,097	(2,971)	93	(12,940)	-	(13,721)
Income (loss) from continuing operations	3,897	(5,767)	179	(33,473)	-	(35,164)
Income (loss) from discontinued operations	-	-	-	765	-	765
Gain on disposal of discontinued operations	-	-	-	-	-	-
Equity in undistributed net income of subsidiaries	(38,296)	(28,241)	-	-	66,537	-
Net income (loss)	$ (34,399)	$ (34,008)	$ 179	$ (32,708)	$ 66,537	$ (34,399)

(Unaudited – tabular amounts in thousands of U.S. dollars)

Condensed Consolidating Balance Sheet

As at March 31, 2009

	KFSI	KAI	K2007GP	Other Subsidiaries	Consolidation adjustments	Total
	(a "Guarantor")	(an "issuer" / "Guarantor")	(an "Issuer")	(the "Non-Guarantor subsidiaries")		
Assets						
Investments in subsidiaries	$ 281,463	$ 803,643	$ -	$(1,574,651)	$ 489,545	$ -
Cash	22,492	4,364	834	192,214	-	219,904
Securities	-	-	-	2,163,579	(14,445)	2,149,134
Goodwill and other assets	5,790	-	-	56,688	-	62,478
Other assets	63,482	85,835	111,261	1,942,233	(1,535,539)	667,272
	$373,227	$ 893,842	$ 112,095	$ 2,780,063	$ (1,060,439)	$3,098,788
Liabilities and Shareholders' Equity						
Liabilities:						
Bank Indebtedness	$ -	$ 210,175	$ -	$ (287,806)	$ 143,853	$ 66,222
Other liabilities	2,679	26,391	16,221	(88,862)	135,524	91,953
Unearned premiums	-	-	-	752,605	(257,228)	495,377
Unpaid claims	-	-	-	2,969,239	(1,164,711)	1,804,528
Senior unsecured debentures	-	125,000	93,712	(19,063)	(16,879)	182,770
Subordinated indebtedness	-	90,500	-	-	(3,109)	87,391
	$ 2,679	$ 452,066	$ 109,933	$ 3,326,113	$ (1,162,550)	$2,728,241
Shareholders' equity:						
Share capital	322,344	490,719	10,667	1,917,234	(2,418,620)	322,344
Contributed surplus	9,153	-	-	-	-	9,153
Retained Earnings	39,426	(48,943)	2,222	(2,463,127)	2,509,847	39,425
Accumulated other comprehensive income	(375)	-	(10,727)	(157)	10,884	(375)
	370,548	441,776	2,162	(546,050)	102,111	370,547
	$ 373,227	$ 893,842	$ 112,095	$ 2,780,063	$ (1,060,439)	$3,098,788

(Unaudited – tabular amounts in thousands of U.S. dollars)

Condensed Consolidating Balance Sheet

As at December 31, 2008

	KFSI	KAI	K2007GP	Other Subsidiaries	Consolidation adjustments	Total
	(a "Guarantor")	(an "Issuer" / "Guarantor")	(an "Issuer")	(the "Non-Guarantor subsidiaries")		
Assets						
Investments in subsidiaries	$ 409,577	$ 743,825	$ -	$ (1,470,854)	$ 317,452	$ -
Cash	21,335	5,603	543	78,175	-	105,656
Securities	-	-	-	2,449,194	(17,093)	2,432,101
Goodwill and other assets	5,996	-	-	57,897	-	63,893
Other assets	21,447	80,769	113,519	2,466,287	(1,940,231)	741,791
	$ 458,355	$ 830,197	$ 114,062	$ 3,580,699	$ (1,639,872)	$3,343,441
Liabilities and Shareholders' Equity						
Liabilities:						
Bank Indebtedness	$ -	$ 170,175	$ -	$ -	$ (103,953)	$ 66,222
Other liabilities	4,784	30,652	16,818	(36,642)	119,953	135,565
Unearned premiums	-	-	-	823,071	(286,591)	536,480
Unpaid claims	-	-	-	3,109,263	(1,230,247)	1,879,016
Senior unsecured debentures	-	125,000	93,464	(16,383)	(16,878)	185,203
Subordinated indebtedness	-	90,500	-	-	(3,117)	87,383
	4,784	416,327	110,282	3,879,309	(1,520,833)	2,889,869
Shareholders' equity:						
Share capital	322,344	459,133	10,667	1,880,918	(2,350,718)	322,344
Contributed surplus	9,791	-	-	-	-	9,791
Retained Earnings	98,563	(45,263)	2,397	(2,211,705)	2,254,572	98,564
Accumulated other comprehensive income	22,873	-	(9,284)	32,177	(22,893)	22,873
	453,571	413,870	3,780	(298,610)	(119,039)	453,572
	$ 458,355	$ 830,197	$ 114,062	$ 3,580,699	$ (1,639,872)	$3,343,441

(Unaudited – tabular amounts in thousands of U.S. dollars)

Condensed Consolidating Statement of Cash Flows

For the three months ended March 31, 2009

	KFSI	KAI	K2007GP	Other Subsidiaries	Consolidation adjustments	Total
	(a "Guarantor")	(an "issuer" / "Guarantor")	(an "Issuer")	(the "Non-Guarantor subsidiaries")		
Cash provided by (used in):						
Operating Activities:						
Net income	$ (58,267)	$ (34,600)	$ (175)	$ (55,185)	$ 89,960	$ (58,267)
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash used by operating activities:						
Equity in undistributed earnings in subsidiaries	59,040	30,920	-	-	(89,960)	-
Other	(39,888)	(9,574)	218	(108,888)	115,120	(43,012)
	(39,115)	(13,254)	43	(164,073)	115,120	(101,279)
Financing Activities:						
Increase in share capital, net	-	31,586	-	-	(31,586)	-
Repurchase of common shares for cancellation	-	-	-	-	-	-
Common share dividend	(872)	-	-	-	-	(872)
Increase/(decrease) in bank indebtedness	-	39,915	248	(368)	(40,163)	(368)
Increase in senior unsecured indebtedness	-	-	-	-	-	-
	(872)	71,501	248	(368)	(71,749)	(1,240)
Investing Activities:						
Purchase of securities	-	-	-	(533,020)	-	(533,020)
Proceeds from sale of securities	-	-	-	752,608	-	752,608
Proceeds from sale of discontinued operations	(1,941)	-	-	-	-	(1,941)
Acquisitions	43,371	(63,409)	-	63,409	(43,371)	-
Other	(286)	3,923	-	(4,517)	-	(880)
	41,144	(59,486)	-	278,480	(43,371)	216,767
Increase (decrease) in cash during the year	1,157	(1,239)	291	114,039	-	114,248
Cash, beginning of year	21,335	5,603	543	78,175	-	105,656
	$ 22,492	$ 4,364	$ 834	$ 192,214	$ -	$ 219,904

(Unaudited – tabular amounts in thousands of U.S. dollars)

Condensed Consolidating Statement of Cash Flows

For the three months ended March 31, 2008

	KFSI	KAI	K2007GP	Other Subsidiaries	Consolidation adjustments	Total
	(a "Guarantor")	(an "issuer" / "Guarantor")	(an "Issuer")	(the "Non-Guarantor subsidiaries")		
Cash provided by (used in):						
Operating Activities:						
Net income	$ (34,399)	$ (34,008)	$ 179	$ (32,708)	$ 66,537	$ (34,399)
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash used by operating activities:						
Equity in undistributed earnings in subsidiaries	38,296	28,241	-	-	(66,537)	-
Other	(17,439)	(32,217)	36	19,816	-	(29,804)
	(13,542)	(37,984)	215	(12,892)	-	(64,203)
Financing Activities:						
Increase in share capital, net	48	37,843	-	-	(37,843)	48
Repurchase of common shares for cancellation	(3,790)	-	-	-	-	(3,790)
Common share dividend	(4,139)	-	-	-	-	(4,139)
Increase/(decrease) in bank indebtedness	-	-	57	(10,655)	(57)	(10,655)
Increase in senior unsecured indebtedness	-	-	-	(17,289)	-	(17,289)
	(7,881)	37,843	57	(27,944)	(37,900)	(35,825)
Investing Activities:						
Purchase of securities	-	-	-	(719,671)	-	(719,671)
Proceeds from sale of securities	-	-	-	801,273	-	801,273
Acquisitions	15,957	-	-	(212)	(15,957)	(212)
Other	260	(4,166)	-	(48,269)	53,857	1,682
	16,217	(4,166)	-	33,121	(37,900)	83,072
Increase (decrease) in cash during the year	(5,206)	(4,307)	272	(7,715)	-	(16,956)
Cash, beginning of year	13,716	6,960	566	140,393	-	161,635
	$ 8,510	$ 2,653	$ 838	$ 132,678	$ -	$ 144,679